AKAI

STEREO CASSETTE DECK

GX-52



Operator's manual 5 Cassette tapes shown in the illustrations are not standard accessories.

Cassette Deck This is Your Akai Stereo

This Akai Stereo Cassette Deck will provide excellent sound reproduction and years of reliable operation. Use it in combination with other components of the Pro Series and you will have an excellent Hi-Fi system

Features

- 3 head system equivalent function (except monitor function) Twinfield Super GX heads which incorporate LC-OFC (Linear Crystal-Oxygen Free Copper) wire
 - Direct drive mechanism
- Special chrome plated capstan
- High speed response and large capacity power DC playback amplifier and improved recording circuits
- Microcomputer controlled direct lead-in/power eject supply with high quality semiconductor parts system with quick and quiet mechanism
 - Dolby B and C type noise reduction system and MPX filter switch (See page 13 & 14)
- Wide scale 2-color FL peak level meter with the recording level guide (See page 14) BIAS control (See page 6)
- Dolby HX PRO headroom extension system (See page 13)

IPSS system (See page 8)

- 2-way auto mute system (See page 10) Convenient recording cancel system (See page 5, 6)
 - Auto repeat and autoplay system (See page 7, 9) Real time digital tape counter (See page 12)
- Separate voltage regulators, one for equalizer ampli
 - fier circuits and one for noise reduction circuits 3 position auto tape selector (See page 15)
 - PHONES level control (See page 7) Timer start function (See page 11)
- Large centralized FL (Flourescent) display
 - Raised foot pedestals
 - Remote control capable (See page 3)

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To prevent fire or shock hazard, do not

WARNING

expose this appliance to rain or moisture.

Power requirements

Power requirements for electrical equipment differ from area to area. Please ensure that your machine meets the If in doubt, consult a qualified electrician. power requirements in your area.

120 V, 60 Hz for USA and Canada 220 V, 50 Hz for Europe except UK

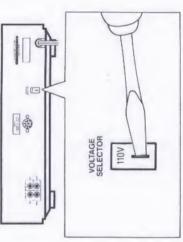
127V/220V, 50/60Hz for Saudi Arabia 240 V. 50 Hz for UK and Australia

10 V/120 V/220 V/240 V, 50 Hz/60 Hz convertible for other countries.

Voltage conversion

(Not on all models)

Models for Canada, USA, Europe, UK and Australia are not equipped with this facility. Each unit is preset at the factory according to its destination, but some units can Before connecting the power cord, turn the VOLTAGE SELECTOR located on the rear panel with a screwdriver be adjusted to 110 V, 120 V, 220 V or 240 V as required. If your unit's voltage can be converted: until the correct voltage is Indicated.



This equipment conforms to No. 82/499 EEC stan-

What you should know to protect yourself

Watch out! You might get an electric shock.

- Never touch the plug with wet hands
- Only let a qualified professional repair or reassemble the Akai stereo cassette deck. An unauthorized person might touch the internal parts and receive a Always pull out by the plug and never the cord.
- Never allow a child to put anything, especially metal into the Akai stereo cassette deck.

serious electric shock.

Let's protect the Akai Stereo Cassette Deck too.

- Use only a household AC power source. Never use a
- If water is spilled on the Akai stereo cassette deck. DC power source.
 - Make sure that the Akai stereo cassette deck is well disconnect the power and call your dealer.
- To avoid damage to the internal circuits and the exterventilated and away from direct sunlight.
- Avoid using spray type insecticide near the Akal stereo cassette deck. It can damage the finish and nal surface, keep away from heat (stoves, etc. mant janite suddenly
- or other similar chemicals to clean the Akai stereo To avoid damaging the finish, never use paint thinner
- Place the Akai stereo cassette deck on a flat and solid cassette deck.
- If you don't plan to use the Akai cassette deck for a long period of time, disconnect the power

To enjoy the Akai stereo cassette deck for a long time, please read this operator's manual thoroughly

Dew formation

and the capstans, when the deck is used in places where humidity is high, or moved from a cold place to a warm one. If the deck is used when dew is present, the tape will stick to the head and be rulned, or it will not be transport-Dew is the term used for the formation of moisture on the very important tape transport sections such as the heads ed properly. In that case, do not use the deck for approximately one hour until the deck is acclimatized.

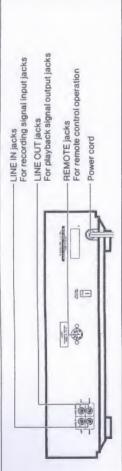
Placement

other, humming noise may result during playback. Also beat noise may result during recording of AM broadcasts. In this case, change the position of the deck. Akai recom-If the deck, tuner and amplifier are placed on top of each mends that a space the size of an amplifier be placed between the deck and the tuner or the amplifier.

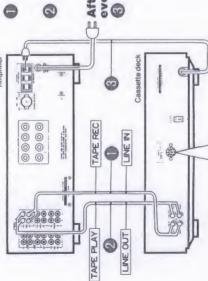
Making the Right Connections

Check first

- Turn off all the components before connection.
- Connect the power cord last.
- Make sure that you connect the white PIN-plugs to the left (L-white) Jacks and the red PIN-plugs to the right (R-red) Jacks.
- Connect everything securely. Loose connections can lead to distortlon.
 - To prevent damage to the cords, connect and disconnect by holding the plug and not the cord. .







Connect the LINE IN (input) jacks to the REC (tape output) Jacks of the amplifier with the provided connection cord.

Connect the LINE OUT (output) jacks to the PLAY (tape input) jacks of the amplifier with the provided connection cord.

☐ After you have connected everything

Connect the power cord to a timer, amplifier or household AC outlet

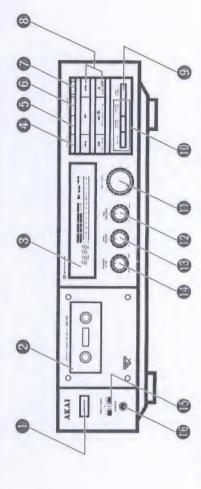
Important!

For remote control operation

Connect the optional remote control unit RC-32 (wired Consult operation instructions of your remote control type) or RC-92 (wireless type) to the REMOTE jack. unit for operation details.

The illustrated power plugs and cords are intended for general reference. The power plug and cord used in your country may differ from the illustration. (Example: U.K., Australia, U.S.A., Europe etc.)

This is the Akai Stereo Cassette Deck



- POWER Switch
- To turn ON and OFF the power.
- Cassette lid and cassette holder (Power assisted)

Load a cassette tape here. To open, press the ■/ button. To close, press once again.

Do not manually open this cassette holder, as it may damage your equipment.

- FL (Fluorescent) Display
- Tells you what the cassette deck is doing.
 - COUNTER RESET button 9
- To reset the digital counter to "00.00" IPSS buttton
- To select playback with the IPSS system. 9
- For memorization of a selection(s) or part of a selection that you wish to hear repeatedly. Also used with A --- B MEMORY button
 - the recording cancel system for erasure of unwanted

To cancel recording and rewind tape to the beginning of the just recorded position. Convenient for rerecording a section of tape. REC CANCEL button

Operating buttons

Press the (■/△) button to open and close the For playback and recording operations.

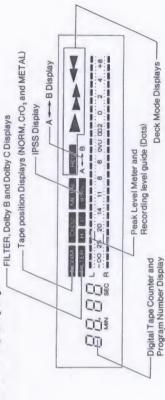
- MPX (Multiplex) FILTER switch To turn on and off the multiplex filter
- Noise reduction selector (NR OFF, DOLBY B To select noise reduction for recording and playback and DOLBY C)
- To set recording levels. The level adjustment is the REC LEVEL control

To set the left and right channel balance of recording REC BALANCE control 3

same amount for both right and left channels.

- BIAS ADJUST control 2
- ment range is between -20% and +20% of the proper bias current of each tape position. If using a reference tape recommended for use with Akai To set the recording bias current. The bias adjustcassette decks, set this control to the center click "0" position.
 - To adjust the output level of the PHONES jack. **PHONES Level control** (3)
 - TIMER START Switch 9
- For absentee recording and timed playback. **PHONES** jack 91
- To listen through a pair of headphones, connect them to this jack.

FL (Fluorescent) Display

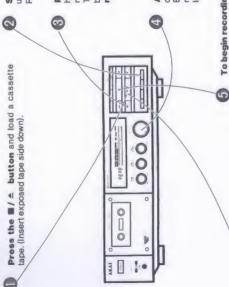


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Let's Record

Get ready

- Set the TIMER START switch to OFF.
 Depress the POWER switch to turn on your stereo cassette deck.
 - tion buttons will not function for approximately 4 To stabilize the stereo cassette deck, the tape operaseconds after the stereo cassette deck is turned on
 - Set the amplifier's input selector or the REC OUT
- selector to the recording source. For normal recording purposes, set the MPX filter switch to OFF.



To stop recording, press the m/ button.

9

If you want to play back a just recorded section quickly

recorded section will be detected and played back.

• Refer to page 8 for IPSS details. Press the IPSS button before you begin recording.

the recording mode.

To resume recording

If you don't want to create 4 seconds of blank space when using the recording cancel system

on the FL display immediately after the tape has rewound. The cassette deck will go into the recording standby mode instead of creating blank spaces.

Set the BIAS ADJUST control to its center (0) position. .

Select the noise reduction system you wish to

Refer to page 13 for details. use.

Press the 100 button. (At this time the cassette holder will close automatically if you haven't already closed it.)

The REC indicator will light and the ▶ display will begin flashing to indicate the recording standby

Adjust the recording level with the REC LEVEL level guides on the peak level meter

control, and REC BALANCE control if necessary.

Basically, adjust the REC LEVEL control to set the recording level so it does not exceed the recording

To begin recording, press the ▶ button.

After recording, press the ◀◀ button once and the just

To cancel a just recorded section Use the REC CANCEL button

Press the REC CANCEL button while the tape deck is in

This cassette deck will rewind the tape to the beginning of the just recorded section, then stand by for recording after creating 4 seconds of blank space.

Press the button.

Press the .e. button when the REC Indicator first appears

Notes on REC CANCEL

 In order for recording cancel to function properly, there must be 4 seconds or more of blank space at the beginning of the selection. To create blank spaces bean selections, use the O button during the REC PAUSE mode.

 After REC CANCEL has been performed, always make certain that you are at the beginning of the selection before re-recording.

The BIAS ADJUST control

which can adjust the recording bias current from a range of -20% to +20% of the proper current for each tape position. Refer to the chart to set the BIAS ADJUST control This tape deck is equipped with a BIAS ADJUST control properly for each tape position.

Avoid setting the BIAS ADJUST control to the maximum + or - positions, since the frequency characteristics of the tape will change too sharply.

Comparing source signals and just recorded signals

It is necessary to compare the original and just recorded signals in order to properly adjust the BIAS ADJUST, REC BALANCE, and REC LEVEL controls. To compare Ing back the recorded portion. To do so set the IPSS switch to ON (the IPSS display will appear) and press the source signals and recorded signals while recording, listen for sound variation by rewinding the tape and playbutton to playback the recorded portion immediately.

stment	and a second	Largo Control
BIAS adjustment	Turn BIAS ADJUST control toward + (increase) after you have listened to the playback of the just recorded portlion.	Turn BIAS ADJUST control toward — (decrease) after you have listened to the playback of the just recorded portion.
Problem	BIAS is lower than the proper blas current for that tape type.	BIAS is higher than the proper bias current for that tape type.
Condition	High frequency signals are strong (stressed) in comparison to the low and mid signals.	Low and mid frequency signals are strong (stressed) in comparison to high signals.

6

Standard reference tapes for this cassette deck

Reference tapes	UD I	SA.	MA.
Referen	MAXELL	TDK	TDK
Types of tape	Normal position	CrO ₂ position	Metal position

- Normally, set the BIAS ADJUST control to "0" when Only C-60 (60 minute) tapes with this mark are the using one of the standard reference tapes listed.
 - standard reference tapes.

If you want to erase part of a recorded program (Edit mode)

To confirm the portion to be erased (before begin-After operation 1,2 and 3, press the ▶ button for playback. The deck will go into one time repeat playback mode. After the memorized portion is played the deck will

ning erasure)

Use the REC CANCEL and A --- B buttons if you want to erase after recording.



Check before erasing the program

Press the ■/ button. The A --- B display will disap-

If you are only erasing a short

section of tape

To cancel the memorized erasing operation

Press the REC CANCEL button to start erasing.

After confirmation stop automatically.

> Make sure the recording defeat tabs of the cassette tape are not broken. The cassette deck will not go into recordng cancel mode if they are. Refer to page 15, "cassette lapes" for more details.

Operation

Playback the tape.

Press the MEMORY A --- B button once at the point you wish to begin erasing.

The A --- display will flash on and off.

The A -- B display will appear and the cassette Press the MEMORY A --- B button again when you reach the point at which you wish to stop eras-0

deck will stop.

rewind the tape and begin erasing between the two points you have programmed. When the erasing is Press the REC CANCEL button. The deck will finished the deck will stop automatically. 0

Before memorizing the portion for erasure

Keep the ▶ button depressed for about 1 second. The deck will go Into half speed playback mode. The ▶ display will flash on and off during half speed playback.

Then press the A -- B MEMORY button and the REC CANCEL button as in the previous procedures 1 to 3.

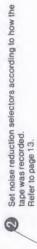
Notes

- Tape check: Before erasing the tape, take up slack with a pencil, for example.
- After the half speed playback, you cannot confirm a memorized portion you want to erase by pressing the
- If you want to cancel the memorized portion, press the ■/≛ button. The A ← → B display will disappear. During half speed playback other functions such as used. The only button that will operate when pressed recording, rewinding or fast forwarding cannot be is the ■/ button used to stop the cassette deck.

Let's Play Back a Tape

Get ready

- Set the TIMER START switch to OFF.
- Depress the POWER switch to turn on your stereo cassette deck
- To stabilize the stereo cassette deck, the tape opera-tion buttons will not function for approximately 4 seconds after the stereo cassette deck is turned on.
 - Set the amplifier's input selector or the tape monitor
 - switch for tape playback.



Start playback

Press the ■/△ button and load a cassette tape. (Insert exposed tape side down.)

Press the ▶ button.

Press the ■/ button. To stop playback

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AKAI

Winding the tape

To quickly wind the tape in the forward direction Press the Pb button.

To quickly wind the tape in the reverse direction Press the * button.

To automatically play back from the beginning of the tape (Auto Play)

Depress the ◀◀ and ▶ buttons simultaneously.

The tape will rewind to the beginning, and playback will begin automatically.

Connect the headphones jack to the PHONES jack of the Listening through headphones

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Control playback level with the PHONES level control. cassette deck.

Note for monitoring with headphones

Do not listen for a long time at a high volume level, as it may damage your hearing.

Convenient Playback Features of the Akai Stereo Cassette Deck-1

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The IPSS (Instant Program Searching System) can select and automaticaly playback up to 16 programs.

Basic operation

Press the IPSS button. The IPSS display will Press the ◀ or ▶▶ button until the number of the program you want played back is displayed on the begin playback and the program display will ORY A -- B REC CA

digital display.

counter will change to the program display.

The ▶ display will flash on and off while you wind When pressing the ◆ or ▶ button, the digital the tape. When the selection is found, the deck will

The deck will continue playback until you press the ■/ ⇒ button. change to the normal digital tape counter.

Example IPSS playback

1, 2, 3, 4, 5; represent the space between programs A, B, C, *, D, E, F, G, H: represent the recorded programs

1 Program 1 Program D 2 Program E 3 Program F 4 Program G 5 Program H Current Playback (In this example) 4 Program A 3 Program B 2 Program C

To automatically play back from the beginning of the current or next selection (Program D)

For playback of the beginning of the present selec-For playback of the next selection (Program D) Press the PV button tion (Program *)

01 will appear on the digital display by pressing Press the * button

the A or >> button.

Press the ◀◀ button three times. 03 will appear on Playback from the beginning of program B 2

If you want to playback from the beginning of program A, press the 44 button four times. the digital display.

Playback from the beginning of program G Press the ▶► button four times. 04 will appear on the digital display. 9

To Cancel the IPSS operation while winding the

Press the ■/ = button

To cancel the IPSS system, press the IPSS button. The IPSS display will disappear. If winding the tape, press the ... button to stop.

Note for iPSS systems

 The IPSS system operates when the music signals are below a specific level for a required length of time. When playing music, such as orchestral and live tain low signals for more than the required length of recorded music, some parts of the recording may contime (more than 4 seconds), and will cause misoperation of some of the IPSS function.

In live recordings, there may be applause between the selections which is too loud to be detected as a blank

space, and the IPSS function cannot operate as a blank. Do not press the 44 or Pb button at the very beginning or end of a selection. The IPSS function cannot operate properly.

Convenient Playback Features of the Akai Stereo Cassette Deck-2 67







V A *** 8 REC







You can memorize sections for repeated playback

By memorizing two points (beginning and end), you can play back any section of a tape that you wish. This is ideal for times that you want to listen to one particular section of a song repeatedly. One complete song or the whole tape can also be memorized for repeated playback. Use the A --- B MEMORY button.

Operation

- Start playback.
- Press the A --- B MEMORY button to memorize the beginning (start) of the section you wish to playback repeatedly.
- The A display will flash on and off.

 Press the A B MEMORY button again to memorize the end of the section you wish repeated.

 The A B display will appear and the cassette deck will stop automatically.

To start the repeat playback
Press the ◀◀ button. The deck will rewind the tape to the beginning of the repeat playback and start playback.

To stop the repeat playback

Press the ■/≜ button. The deck will stop and the A --- B display will disappear.

Notes on repeat playback

- When you press the putton to start playback after memorizing, the deck will playback the memorized portion one time only, then automatically stop.
 - If you want to memorize a few selections or the whole

tape for repeated playback;
After pressing the A --- B MEMORY button you can section, press the ▶ button. Memorize the end by pressing the A ←► B MEMORY button again. (The A use the ▶▶ button or ◄◀ button to speed up things when memorizing a large section of tape. Once you are near the point you intend to end your memorized - display will flash on and off until this is done) Now you can press the ◀◀ button to start the repeated

Do not touch the REC CANCEL button after memorizing. The memorized part will be erased.

A Little Know-how Goes a Long Way



Quick Start

Quick start is to immediately record, without waiting for Simultaneously, press the ••• and ▶ buttons. recording standby.

To record from playback

You can also use this method to re-record over a record-Use this method to record an unrecorded portion of tape. ed portion of tape.

- Start playback of the source.
- When you come to the point where you want to start recording, simultaneously depress the ▶ button, and the ••• button. Recording will begin immediately.

To temporarily stop recording

Press the 101 button. The stereo cassette deck will go into the recording standby mode.

To resume recording Press the button.

To create blank spaces between selections

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You can automatically create 4 seconds of blank space with the O button.

- Start recording.
- Press the O button at the end of a selection.
- The stereo cassette deck will create 4 seconds of blank space, then standby for recording.
- To resume recording, press the ▶ button.

To create a blank space for an indefinite (longer) amount of time with the o button

Press the O button twice, successively. The REC display will flash quickly during this operation.

- To stop recording
- Press the ■/ = button.
- Press the *** button. The deck will go into recording To stop mute recording standby mode.
- To resume normal recording mode Press the button.

To create a blank space before the start of recording

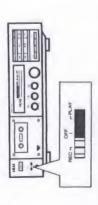
- Press the 101 button first. The deck will go Into recording standby mode.
- Press the O button at once. The deck will create a 4 second blank space, then standby for record-
- Start normal recording by pressing the ▶ button.

This cassette deck has a timer start function. When used in combination with an Akai audio timer (optional), you can record or play back a tape at a specific programmed

11 Playback

Prepare for absentee recording

- Set the timer mode to EVER ON by pressing the timer mode selector, and turn on your stereo
- Press the . button and load a cassette tape.
- Tune in a station you want to record with the tuner
 - Set the noise reduction selector
- Set the audio timer to the TIMER mode with the The connected stereo components will turn off. timer mode selector.
- Set the TIMER START switch to REC. 9



Notes for absentee recording:

- fore, It is necessary for you to turn over the cassette tape after recording of one tape side has been When performing absentee recording make certain that the tape is long enough to record the entire This is not an auto reverse type cassette deck. Therecompleted, if you want to record on the other side
- tune in the station you want to record and set the amplifier's input selector to TUNER. If recording a radio broadcast, do not forget to properly program.
- to listen while recording, set the VOLUME control to mum position during absentee recording. If you want Normally, keep the VOLUME control set to the minithe normal listening level

Prepare for timed playback

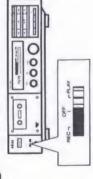
- Set the timer mode to EVER ON by pressing the timer mode selector, and turn on your stereo Walem.
- Set your amplifier's input selector to TAPE.
- Press the | | /= button to open the cassette holder and load a cassette tape. 8
 - Set the noise reduction selector
- Adjust the VOLUME control to suit your taste. 9

Set the timer to the TIMER mode. The connected

Set the TIMER START switch to PLAY.

components will turn off.

6



Attention

After absentee recording and timed playback
Before turning ON the power of the cassette deck, set the
TIMER START switch to OFF.

How to set the correct recording

Operation Details

input levels

Basic recording level adjustment

Basically, adjust the REC LEVEL control to set the recording level so it does not exceed the recording level guides on the peak level meter.

Note for recording level adjustment

The recording level guides will vary according to tape position.

Using a chrome position tape (Type II)

Example of recording level adjustment

+8

Maximum recording level 1

Using a normal position tape (Type I)

Maximum recording level 1

To make good recordings

To make good recordings, the recording input levels must be correct

ble, without exceeding the recommended levels indicated on the peak level meter. If the recording levels are too high, distortion will result. If the input levels are too low, noise such as tape hiss will become noticeable. Make certain that the recording input levels match the maximum The recording input levels should be set as high as possisaturation levels of the music source, which can be monitored on the peak level meter.

button before recording, and monitoring the maximum Monitor the input source signals by pressing the *** recording level indications on the peak level meter Adjust the REC LEVEL control accordingly

Adjusting the REC LEVEL control during recording

The recording input levels should be set according to the type of tape used, but also set them according to the music source.

Compared with music containing mostly vocals, music containing mostly strings, pipe organs, planos, percusslons, etc. have signals in the high levels which are distributed widely over the frequency range, even up to the levels of music containing mainly vocals are set at the same level as the orchestral music, the high frequencies will be beyond the tape's saturation level and distortion highest frequencies. Therefore, if the recording input will result. Thus, during recording, sometimes it is necessary to adjust the REC LEVEL control to a higher or lower

When right and left channel balance adjustment is

3

Use the REC BALANCE control

Turn the REC BALANCE control to L (left). To decrease the right channel level

Normally, set the REC BALANCE control to the center To decrease the left channel level Turn the REC BALANCE control to R (Right).

The Digital counter

been played in minutes and seconds. (up to 99 min. 59

er. The counter will be reset when the power switch is Depress the COUNTER RESET button to reset the countturned off.

Before you start recording you can set the counter to show the length of the tape you are using in minutes and

Fast forward the cassette tape up to its end. have on the tape. Here is how it's done:

Rewind the tape to the beginning. Now the counter

Accuracy of the counter
The counter of a cassette tape deck is not as accurate as a stop-watch or clock. It displays approximate time.

The Digital counter displays the amount of tape that has

The approximate remaining time of a tape (one side) can be displayed

seconds. Once this is done, the number will decrease as you record and show you how much remaining time you

- Re-set the counter to 00.00.
- shows the tapes length in minutes and seconds.

Household AC outlet If your amplifier is not equipped with AC outlets, con-The illustrated power plugs and cords are intended for general reference. The power plug and cord used in your country may differ from the illustration. (Example: U.K., Australia, U.S.A., Europe etc.) nect the power cords to the timer's AC outlets. Important! Audio Timer 00 0.0 000 0000 0 Power cord connection 0 8 000 Cassette deck 0 30 100 4

Set the proper noise reduction system before all recording and playback operations

When playing back a tape, set the noise reduction selector to the type used when the tape was recorded. Set the noise reduction selector to OFF when a tape was recorded without the use of a noise reduction system.

What is the DOLBY Noise Reduction (NR) System?

When you record without the DOLBY NR system, you can't hear the soft sounds very clearly because they are masked by noise added by the tape during recording. The DOLBY NR system reduces this annoying tape noise. The DOLBY NR encoder circuit boosts the low-level signaral softs sounds) during recording and playback, and the DOLBY NR decoder lowers the low-level signals by

wered by the same amount. The result is reduction only in unwanted tape noise.

exactly the same amount to restore the low-level signals to their original levels. At the same time, tape noise is lo-

What is the difference between DOLBY B-type and C-type NR systems?

B-type: This is the conventional DOLBY NR system. It hoosts or lowers the low-level signals at high frequencies only (more than 5 kHz) and reduces tape noise by 10 dB.

C-type: Compared to the DOLBY NR B, it operates at iower frequencies (from 500 Hz) for uniform noise reduction across more of the audible spectrum. Tape noise is reduced by as much

Playback
Encoder tape
Source
Soft sounds
Soft sounds
Soft sounds
Soft sounds
Soft sounds
Soft sounds
Free Encoder tape
Sounds
Soft sounds
Soun

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"DOLBY", the double-D symbol DT and "HX PRO" are trademarks of Dolby Laboratories Licensing Corporation. (Dolby noise reduction and HX Pro headroom extension manufactured under license from Dolby Laboratories Licensing Corporation. HX Pro originated by Bang & Olufsen.)

On the DOLBY HX PRO Head Room Extension System

The HX of the Dolby HX Pro System stands for Headroom eXtension, and is a system designed to improve the saturation level of cassette tapes by controlling the bias current. Although it is a Dolby system, the HX PRO headroom extension system should not be confused with Dolby NR as it is not a noise reduction system.

The Dolby HX PRO headroom extension system is basically a circuit used in cassette decks that makes use of the fact that the amount of high frequency energy that the tape can hold varies according to the amount of blas current present. Less bias current will result in more room for the high frequencies, but at an increase in low-frequency distortion. More bias helps to lower distortion, but results in loss of high frequency "headroom". During recording, the Dolby HX PRO headroom extension

our cause in ross or ingin requesty reading in the Dolby HX PRO headroom extension circuit monitors the bolby HX PRO headroom extension circuit monitors the recording signal. When high frequency peaks that are too high are detected, the bias is recorded momentarily so that these peaks can be accommodated. When these peaks are no longer present, the bias is restored to the normal level.

Even when using a normal position tape during recording, the Dolby HX PRO headroom extension system works to improve it's saturation level to almost that of a metal position tape. Because the system is built into the recording circuits, it is working whenever recording is taking place. Cassette tapes recorded on decks that include this system can be played back without any problems on any deck.

Fig. -1 Recording Characteristics (Normal position tape)

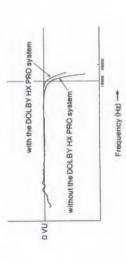
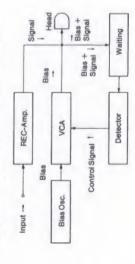


Fig.-2 Block Diagram of the DOLBY HX PRO System



When high frequency signals are over-emphasized during FM stereo recording

Use of a noise reduction system alone is not enough.

In this case, it is necessary to set the MPX FILTER switch

What is the MPX FILTER?

FM stereo signals contain 19 kHz pilot signals and 38 kHz subcarrier signals which convey the left and right channel information. These signals are necessary, but they must be removed from the output signals of the tuner. If these signals are not removed, they can affect the DOLBY NR system. The MPX (Multiplex) filter is designed to remove these pilot tone signals before they can be recorded.

When to use the MPX FILTER switch

Use this switch only when you are recording with DOLBY NR system. Most high quality tuners have filters to suppress FM pilot tone signals. With these tuners, you can leave the MPX FILTER switch OFF. With tuners that do not have filters, or those with inadequate filters, you should turn ON the MPX FILTER switch. Or, when you monitor the just recorded music and feel that the sound quality is not right, turn on the MPX FILTER switch. At other times, leave it OFF.

To make a copy from an original tape (Tape dubbing)

Normally, connect both cassette decks to the amplitier. Refer to the amplifler's operator's manual for operation details.

It is also possible to connect directly, deck to deck.
Set the recording controls (noise reduction, recording level, etc.) exactly as you would for standard recording.

The Peak Level meter

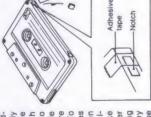
The peak level meter shows the peak (maximum) level of recording and playback signals. By monitoring the peak level, it is possible to set the recording controls of this deck to realistically reproduce the dynamic characteristics of the original source.

The standard recording level of this meter is indicated at 0 dB at a level of 250 nwb/m.

This peak level or conforms to IEC standards.

Recording defeat tabs

recording defeat tabs. No recordings can be made when they are broken. There To protect important recordings from being accidentally recorded over, cassette tapes are equipped with is one tab for each side. To record again, cover the holes with adhesive tape. When using metal or chrome position cassette tapes, make sure that you do not cover the notches for triggering their tape positions, if they are covered, the auto tape selector will not function



Tape slack

the pinch roller and capstan Tape slack can cause the tape to twist or tangle around and ruin important record-

take up tape slack with a pencil, for example. Before using a cassette tape,



Handling

- Do not touch the tape with your fingers as high frequency signals cannot be recorded in places which are not clean.
- Do not leave the cassette tape near equipment which generates a magnetic field. (TV, speaker system, etc.)

Storage

- heat (stove, etc.) and equipment which generates a Always put the cassette tape back into its plastic case. Store it in a dry place, away from direct sunlight
- Store the cassette tape with the tape taken up at the fixed speed of recording or playback. When the tape fast forwarded or rewound), the tape might stretch or is not taken up in an orderly manner (in other words, magnetic fleld. (TV, speaker system, etc.)
- if you are not going to use the cassette tape for a long This is to prevent some of the music signals from imprinting themselves over other music signals when Rewinding or fast forwarding the tape also prevents time, rewind or fast forward the tape once in a while tape surfaces are in close contact for a long time moisture condensation. warp.

Regarding cassette tapes

- cassette tapes. The tape is too thin and can easily We do not recommend the use of C-120 (120 minute) twist or tangle around the plnch roller and capstan.
- We do not recommend the use of cassette tapes of ity of your stereo cassette deck with this type of poor quality. You will not be able to fully utilize the abilcassette tape.
- We recommend that you use cassette tapes specifically made for recording hi-fi music.

The Auto Tape Selector

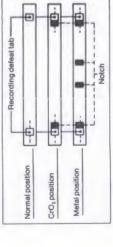
Cassette tapes can be separated widely into three How tape positions are detected

and to fully utilize the performance of each tape, the cassette deck's recording/playback characteristics normal position, chrome (CrO₂) position and metal position. Tape performances differ according to tape position such as bias and equalization, must be set to suit each tape position.

The stereo cassette deck is equipped with an Auto Tape Selector which functions automatically after you have loaded a cassette tape.

How the auto tape selector operates

When a cassette tape is loaded, the stereo cassette deck detects the tape position by sensing the special notches on top of the cassette case, as illustrated



Attention

- Do not use a cassette tape which does not have notches for triggering the tape position. You will not be able to get optimum recordings.
 - We do not recommend the use of ferri-chrome cassette tapes for recording.

... and Take Good Care of Your Stereo Cassette Deck too

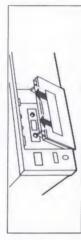
Keep your stereo cassette deck

clean

come into contact with the tape (heads, capstans, pinch rollers, etc.) become dirty due to oxide from the tape and After prolonged use, parts of your cassette deck which other contaminations This can lead to such problems as "no sound", "dis-Therefore, to always enjoy good performance, you should torted sound due to unstable tape transport "etc. periodically clean your stereo cassette deck.

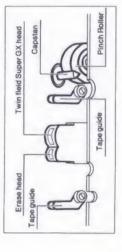
How to remove the cassette lid

- 1 Turn on the power.
- Grasp both sides of the cassette lid and gently pull up in the direction of the arrows to remove. Press the ■/ button to open the cassette holder.



To replace the cassette lid

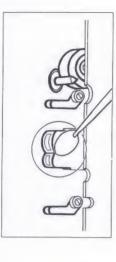
Align the cassette lid with the cassette holder and push it down in the opposite direction of the arrows.



How to clean

Use the optional accessory Akai Cleaning Kit CK-310 or a cleaning tape.

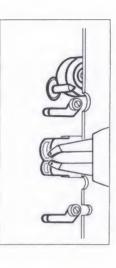
best results, clean your stereo cassette deck before an Important recording or playback. Use a ilquid cleaner exclusively for tape decks. For



Keeping the heads demagnetized Attention

After much use, slight magnetism can build up on the Turn off your stereo cassette deck before demagnetizing.

recording and playback heads. This can cause loss in high frequency sound and increases in distortion. Therefore, you should periodically demagnetize the heads with the optional accessory Head Demagnetizer AH-15. Demagnitize the metal parts of the capstan as well.



Let's keep the cabinet clean, too

- If the cabinet is very dirty, clean it with a mild Clean the cabinet with a soft, dry cloth.
 - Never use paint thinner, etc. to clean the cabinet as this may damage the finish. detergent.



Problem? Let's check first

The Stereo cassette deck will not turn on	 Check to see if the power cord is connected securely to the household, timer's or amplifier's AC outlet.
punos oN	 The connected amplifier's Input selector is not set properly. Make certain that the PHONES control level is audible.
The stereo cassette deck goes into absentee recording or timed playback when it is turned on.	The TIMER START selector is set for REC or PLAY. Set to OFF before turning on the power.
Recording will not take place	The cassette tape's recording defeat tabs are broken. Cover them with adhesive tape. Did you press both the ••• button and ▶ button?
Distorted recording or playback	Recording levels are set too high. Reduce the recording level with the REC LEVEL control. Dirty or magnetized heads. Clean and demagnetize the heads.
Unstable tape transport	Make sure that the tape guides, pinch roller and capstan are clean. Check the cassette case for warpage or other problems.
Auto tape selector will not function properly	 Make sure that the cassette tape has notches for triggering the tape position.

 The noise reduction selector is not set properly. 	
ack	
Sound is funny during playb	

The BIAS ADUUST control is not adjusted property.
 Turn the MPX FILTER ON when recording FM stereo broadcasts.

Recording sounds funny

IPSS will not function properly	The blank spaces between selections are less than 4 seconds long.
	Use the O button during recording to create the proper length of blank space.

300
The cassette deck goes into playback mod automatically during tape winding
goes ng tap
deck y duri
cassette
The

Should a problem persist: write down the model and serial numbers and all pertinent date regarding warranty coverage as well as a clear descripiton of the existing trouble. Then, contact your nearest authorized Akai Service Station.

The IPSS system is engaged.

Specifications

utter AL) L L Sitivity/Imped N Sitivity/Imped N Sitivity/Imped N Sitivity/Imped N N N N N N N N N N N N N	Track system	4 track 2 channel stereo
ponse ty/Imped vity/Imped vity/Im	neads	recording ×1 Twin Field Super GX head for
ponse ty/Imped vity/Imped ments .	Motors	recording and playback ×1 Erase head ×1 Direct drive FG servo motor for
ponse ty/Imped vity/Imped iments .		capstan drive ×1 DC motor for reel drive ×1
: ::: 6 : 6 : : : :	Wow & flutter	DC motor for cam drive and tape Eject/Loading ×1.0.027% WRMS (JIS), 0.045%
: :::8:4:::	S/N (METAL)	(DIN) . 59 dB (Measured via tape with 3% THD recording level) Dolby B type NR switch ON:
: :::0:0::::		Improves up to 5 dB at 1 kHz, 10 dB above 5 kHz Dolby C type NR switch ON: Improves up to 15 dB at 500
: : : 6 : 6 : : :	T.H.D.	Less than 0.8% (Metal)
Output sensitivity/Impedance LINE LINE Sab m/V2.7 kohms LINE 1388 m/V2.7 kohms PHONES. 137 mW (8 ohms) Rower requirements. 120 V, 60 Hz for USA and Canada 220 V, 50 Hz for Europe except UK 240 V, 50 Hz for UK and Australla 127 V/220 V, 50/60 Hz for Saudi Arabia 120 V/220 V/20 V, 50/60 Hz for Saudi Arabia 140 V/120 V/220 V/240 V, 50 Hz/60 Hz convertible for other countries. Charles (16.7 x 44 x x 13.9 inches)	NORM Cro,	to 17,000 Hz to 18,000 Hz to 20,000 Hz
LINE 388 mV/2.7 kohms PHONES 1.3 mW (8 ohms) Power requirements 1.20 V, 60 Hz for USA and Canada Canada C20V, 50 Hz for US and C20V, 50 Hz for UR and Australia 112 V/220 V, 50/60 Hz for Saudi Arabia 110 V/120 V/220 V, 50/60 Hz for Saudi Arabia 110 V/120 W/220 V, 50/60 Hz for Saudi Arabia 110 V/120 W/220 W/240 V, 60 Hz for Saudi Arabia 110 V/120 W/220 W/240 V, 60 Hz for Saudi Arabia 110 V/120 W/220 W/240 V, 60 Hz for Saudi Arabia 110 V/120 W/220 W/240 V, 60 Hz for Saudi Arabia 110 V/120 W/220 W/240 V, 60 Hz for Saudi Arabia in Saudi Arabia i	LINE IN Output sensitivity/Impe	. 70 mV/47 kohms
	LINE PHONES. Power requirements.	. 388 mV/2.7 kohms . 1.3 mW (8 ohms) . 120 V, 60 Hz for USA and
		Canada 220 V, 50 Hz for Europe except UK
		240 V, 50 Hz for UK and Australla 127 V/220 V, 50/60 Hz for
		Saudi Arabia 110 V/120 V/220 V/240 V, 50 HZ/60 Hz convertible for
	Dimensions	otner countries. . 425 (W) ×112 (H) ×352 (D) mm
	Weight	

 For Improvement purposes, specifications and design are subject to change without notice.